

Ingersoll Rand Code of Conduct



Ingersoll Rand compressors run air tools and other equipment at automotive service centers.

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A Message from Vicente Reynal

Our Purpose — Lean on us to help you make life better — compels us to act with integrity and transparency, earn and protect the trust of our employees, customers, suppliers, shareholders, and communities.

This Code of Conduct serves as our compass, providing a comprehensive framework that encourages ethical conduct across every aspect of our work. It outlines the expectations we have for ourselves and one another, ensuring that we meet and exceed the highest

moral standards and conduct business in accordance with all applicable laws.

The Code of Conduct encompasses the values we hold dear, emphasizing honesty, transparency, and accountability as the cornerstones of our operations. With this Code of Conduct, we aim to reinforce our dedication to fairness, trust, and responsible business practices.

As we continue to grow and evolve as a company, it is essential that we uphold the values that define us and follow the guiding principles covered in our Code of Conduct:

- We Do The Right Thing
- We Follow The Law

- We Work Together
- We Think Creatively
- We Make Customers Successful
- We Take Action

Please take time to read and understand our Code, referring to it whenever necessary. Remember, while the Code provides a clear and direct framework for operation, it cannot address every situation. When instances not covered present themselves, I encourage you to think and act like the owners we are, working through challenges to reach the right result without compromise.

Equally significant is our shared duty to report any potential violations of the Code, Company policies, or the law. I entrust you to speak up when you witness questionable behavior. If you have questions, ask for guidance. At the end of the Code, there is a list of contacts to help you reach the right department for any inquiry. I want to emphasize that Ingersoll Rand has a strict policy against any form of retaliation for raising concerns about potential violations. If you feel you have been or are being retaliated against, please contact our Global Ethics Hotline or the Legal Department immediately.

Thank you for your ongoing dedication and commitment to our shared vision. I am confident that together, we will continue to show our stakeholders that we are an honest, trustworthy, and performance-driven business partner and maintain a culture that promotes integrity, excellence, and sustainable growth.

Respectfully, Vicente Reynal

Chairman and CEO

Lean on Us To Help You Make Life Better

For 160 years, we have been waking up every day to help make life better. We are driven by an entrepreneurial spirit and an ownership mindset, inspiring us to care deeply about our neighbors and shared planet. We have a bias for action, take accountability, and quickly bounce back from setbacks.

We Are Committed to Making Our Customers Successful

We pride ourselves on innovation, and we aim to operate in a clear, straightforward fashion. We aspire to be connected for life with our customers and embrace the responsibility that comes with that. We know they lean on us for essential, vital, and mission-critical solutions.

We Are Bold in Our Aspirations While Moving Forward With Humility and Integrity

We have the confidence to take on the hardest problems, yet we are rooted in a genuine sense of humility. We endeavor to earn trust everyday by being honest in our dealings and acting with integrity, regardless of how hard the challenge. We speak with candor, own our mistakes, and always strive to be better tomorrow.

We Foster Inspired Teams

We nurture and celebrate a culture that embraces diverse points of views, backgrounds, and experiences. We are committed to equity in how people are treated and the opportunities available to them. And we know that a workplace which cultivates a sense of inclusion, belonging, and respect will develop the most talented and capable employees.

Lean on us To help you make life better

We Do the Right Thing

We endeavor to earn trust every day by being honest in our dealings and acting with integrity, regardless of how hard the challenge. We believe that acting with integrity is not just the right way to do business; it's the only way to do business.

Introducing the Code

Integrity, honesty, and sound judgment are fundamental to the reputation and success of Ingersoll Rand and its subsidiaries (collectively, "Ingersoll Rand" or the "Company"). This Code of Conduct (this "Code") is designed to ensure that all directors, officers (including the principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer, or controller and persons performing similar functions), and employees of the Company (collectively, "employees") not only conduct themselves lawfully at all times, but also maintain the highest ethical standards in every aspect of their business dealings and seek to avoid even the appearance of improper behavior.

Failing to do so may result in discipline for those employees who have violated the Code, including and up to termination.



Ingersoll Rand compressors fill breathing air into tanks used by rescue teams and scuba divers.

In the process of sourcing a new sales agent, Ling follows the Company's Anti-Corruption Compliance Policy. During that process, the potential new sales agent requests that payments be made to an account in the name of someone other than the agent. Ling knows that is a "red flag" that needs to be brought to the attention of the Compliance Department so enhanced due diligence can be conducted to determine if the sales agent is a reputable and qualified third party with whom Ling should do business.

The Code serves as a guide for employees when faced with legal or ethical questions, and it is the responsibility of employees to read carefully and understand it. The Code is not all-inclusive, however, and we do not expect the Code to answer every possible question that may come up in the course of conducting business. The Company expects employees to use their own reasonable judgment at all times to follow the high ethical standards to which the Company is committed. If you are concerned about an ethical situation or are not sure whether specific conduct meets the Company's standards of conduct, you are responsible for asking your supervisors or managers and, where appropriate, the Company's General Counsel, any question that you feel is necessary to understand the Company's expectations of you.

Ethical Business Dealings

Employees must be truthful in their dealings on behalf of Ingersoll Rand. You should never take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of confidential information, falsification, misrepresentation of material facts, requesting improper payments or benefits, or other intentional unfair dealing practices. In all interactions and communications with customers, competitors, suppliers, government agencies, or others, inside or outside the Company, employees are expected to be honest and forthright.

Selecting Third Parties and Suppliers

We select third party agents and suppliers based on merit, quality of service, and reputation. We hold our third-party agents and suppliers to the same high standards of integrity to which we hold ourselves.

When selecting and retaining third parties and suppliers you should follow applicable bidding, negotiating, and contracting processes; perform appropriate due diligence to determine they are reputable and qualified; and avoid any conflicts of interest.

In addition, before entering into an agency type relationship with a third party (e.g., sales agent, sales representative, dealer, distributor, etc.), you must follow the Company's Transaction Partner Due Diligence Process. This process requires you to complete a transaction partner due diligence evaluation and follow certain steps to verify the reputation of the third party and thereby minimize the risk of bribery or corruption. If you have any questions about this policy or process, contact the Compliance Department.

All suppliers are expected to comply with the Company's Supplier Code of Conduct and adhere to the Company's principles of responsible global sourcing.

Several Ingersoll Rand products are used in the paper industry, from turning pulp into paper to printing newspapers and magazines.

Rohini's team is working on a project that has a tight timeframe. At the last minute, the team realizes they need to print an extra set of brochures, or they will miss the deadline. Rohini's husband owns a print shop, but before they ask him to print the brochures, they consult the Compliance Department because they realize that the situation creates the appearance of a conflict, and a potential conflict must be disclosed. An independent review by the Compliance Department protects all those involved, should the situation ever come into question.

Conflicts of Interest

Always put the best interest of Ingersoll Rand first.

Employees must act in the best interest of Ingersoll Rand in every decision they make. A conflict may arise when an employee is influenced, or appears to be influenced, by considerations of personal gain or benefit for himself or a family member in a manner that conflicts with the employee's obligation to the Company. It is essential that even the appearance of a conflict between an employee's personal interest and the interest of Ingersoll Rand be avoided.

While it is not possible to describe every circumstance where a conflict of interest may arise, some potential conflicts of interest include:

- You or one of your immediate family members being an employee, owner, director, or financial investor in a business that competes with Ingersoll Rand
- You or one of your immediate family members being an employee, owner, director, or financial investor in a business that transacts with Ingersoll Rand
- Being the hiring manager for a position for which a relative is being considered
- Being in a direct reporting relationship with a co-worker with whom you are having a romantic relationship
- Working for a company as a consultant, on your own time, that competes with Ingersoll Rand
- Working for a company as a consultant, on your own time, that contracts with Ingersoll Rand
- Awarding a contract or doing business with a company owned by a relative
- Making a loan to, or guaranteeing the obligations of, employees or their immediate family members.

Conflicts of interest are generally prohibited. Exceptions are possible in limited situations, but may only be made after review and approval of specific or general categories by (1) agreement of at least two members of senior management (in the case of employees other than officers or directors) or (2) the Board of Directors (in the case of officers or directors). Conflicts of interest may not always be clear cut, so if you have a question you should consult with your supervisors or managers and, where appropriate, the Company's General Counsel. Failure to disclose a conflict of interest is a violation of the Code.

Any employee who becomes aware of a conflict or potential conflict involving an employee, other than an officer or director, should promptly bring it to the attention of a supervisor, manager, or other appropriate personnel. Employees should utilize the notification procedures described in "We Take Action" under "Reporting a Concern."

Any supervisor or manager who receives a report of a conflict or potential conflict must report it immediately to the Company's Global Compliance. An actual or potential conflict of interest involving a member of senior management should be disclosed directly to the Company's General Counsel. Finally, actual or potential conflicts of interest involving a director should be disclosed directly to the Company's Board of Directors.



Ingersoll Rand compressors are used in breweries and bottling operations throughout the world.

10 Ingersoll Rand.

Francisco's customer treats him to dinner while on a business trip in Germany.

When Francisco returns home, he may not present the same meal on his expense report for reimbursement.

Code Conscious

After a meeting with a potential vendor with whom the Company is considering doing business, the vendor invites Ronaldo and his wife to a very expensive dinner and concert. The vendor says that they want to thank Ronaldo for considering their company for the contract. Ronaldo declines as he does not want to compromise his impartiality during the vendor selection process.

Corporate Opportunities

Employees owe a duty to the Company to advance the Company's legitimate business interests when the opportunity to do so arises. Employees are prohibited from:

- Diverting to themselves or to others any opportunities that are discovered through the use of the Company's property or information or as a result of his or her position with the Company;
- Using the Company's property or information or his or her position for improper personal gain; and
- Entering into a business venture that competes with or could potentially compete with the Company.

Fraud

Never falsify expense reports or timesheets. Doing so is fraud. You commit fraud when you conceal, alter, falsify, or omit information for your own unlawful personal or financial benefit or the benefit of someone else.

Examples of fraud include:

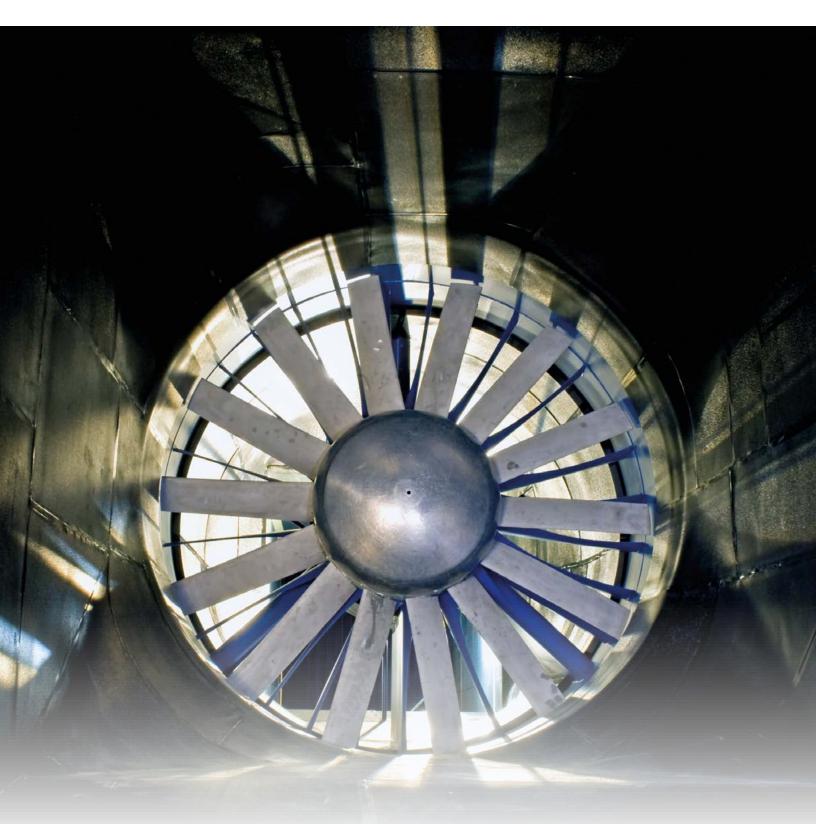
- Misstating financial information in the Company's books and records to make a co-worker's performance look better
- Presenting false medical information to obtain disability benefits
- Altering manufacturing numbers to meet productivity goals
- Forging or altering checks for your own benefit
- Falsifying or manipulating product testing or safety data for any reason

Business Entertainment and Meals

Socializing with suppliers, customers, and other business contacts can be helpful in cultivating strong working relationships, but there are limitations on what types of entertainment and social events are acceptable. In general, you should not offer invitations to meals or entertainment if doing so would make it appear as if you are attempting to influence a business decision. Similarly, you should only accept invitations that are business-related and offered freely. The acceptance of business meals or entertainment must be reasonable in value, infrequent, and not exceed the established "reasonableness" threshold without prior approval of the Compliance Department.

All business meals and entertainment expenses must be properly and accurately recorded on an expense report.

The rules governing the provision of meals and entertainment to government officials are stricter than the general rules governing meals and entertainment and are described more fully in the "Gifts" section of this Code.



A great match for the aerospace industry, our compressors are capable of proving a wide range of flow and pressure requirements, such as wind tunnel and turbine testing.

During the holiday season, one of the Company's suppliers offers Christina a gift card that can be redeemed for a service at a local spa. Christina kindly declines because she knows that a gift card is considered a cash equivalent, and no matter how small, employees are always prohibited from accepting gifts of cash or cash equivalents.

Code Conscious

Shakar, a regional finance leader, decides to not record accrued expenses in order to meet quarterly profitability targets. By doing so, he creates an improper financial record, which is a violation of the Code.

Gifts

Never accept a gift that could cloud your judgment or make you appear biased in your decision making.

The occasional exchange of business gifts is a common practice meant to create goodwill and strengthen business relationships. However, if the provision or receipt of gifts is excessive, it can create a sense of personal obligation on the part of the recipient or give the appearance of an inappropriate arrangement.

Gifts given or received should not exceed the "reasonable" threshold. If a gift does exceed the threshold, it must be **pre-approved** by the Compliance Department. If you receive a gift in excess of the limit, and it is impractical to deny or return the gift, you must immediately report it to the Compliance Department to decide the appropriate course of action. **No matter the value, you must never accept a gift of cash or cash equivalent** (e.g., gift card).

The Company requires you to be aware of, and comply with, the legal and ethical requirements of the gift giving practices in the country in which you are doing business.

The rules governing the provision of gifts to government officials are stricter than the general rules governing the provision of gifts. Employees are strictly prohibited from offering anything of value, including cash, cash equivalents, political and charitable donations, in-kind services, meals, travel and entertainment, gifts, or anything else of economic value to any government employee, spouse, or relative of a government employee, in order to secure an advantage for the Company.

Money Laundering

Everyone must do their part to avoid involvement in any money laundering scheme. Money laundering is the process by which people try to conceal the proceeds of illegal activities to make the source of their illegal funds look legitimate. You must always ensure that you are conducting business with reputable individuals for legitimate business purposes using legitimate funds. If you suspect that your customer or supplier is engaged in any illegal activity, report it to the Compliance Department.



On David's own personal time, he and his wife are developing a small business. His wife asks if they can use his Company-issued computer to work on the business plan.

David informs his wife that while Company resources, including computers and phones, may be used on a limited basis for private non-commercial purposes, Company resources should never be used to run a personal business or similar enterprise.

Accurate and Complete Business Records and Public Disclosures

The integrity, reliability, and accuracy in all material respects of the Company's books, records, and financial statements are fundamental to the Company's continued and future business success.

In addition, as a company whose stock is publicly- traded, the Company is subject to a number of laws and regulations that govern our business records, including U.S. securities laws. The Company must record its financial activities in compliance with all applicable laws and accounting practices and provide current, complete, and accurate information to any and all government agencies. No employee may cause the Company to enter into a transaction with the intent to document or record it in a deceptive or unlawful manner. In addition, no employee may create any false or artificial documentation or book entry for any transaction entered into by the Company. Similarly, financial and accounting employees who have responsibility for accounting and financial reporting matters have additional obligations to accurately record all funds, assets, and transactions on the Company's books and records.

It is the Company's policy to make full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable disclosures in compliance with applicable laws and regulations in all reports and documents that the Company files with, or submits to, the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, state agencies, and in all other public communications made by the Company.

If you become aware of a transaction, event, or circumstance that could have an impact on our financial reports, or render them untrue, you should inform our Corporate Controller or Legal Department about the matter immediately.

Safeguarding the Company's Money

Always spend Company funds wisely and never spend Company money without appropriate approval. Company funds should never be used for any purpose that could be seen as unethical or in violation of a law, and corporate credit cards should not be used for non-business-related purchases.

Theft or Misuse of Company Property

When dealing with Company property — treat it as if you owned it. Each of us is responsible for protecting Company property from loss by carelessness, misuse, or waste. Obviously, it is also wrong and illegal to steal Company property.

Cell phones and computers can carry a lot of sensitive data. Take proper precautions to safeguard them.

If you lose either one, notify your manager and the IT Department immediately.

After an unfortunate safety accident at our plant, the media contacts Javier to get background information on the incident. Even though Javier was in the plant at the time of the incident and saw what happened, he refers the inquiry to the Communications Department. Javier realizes that it is very important that all information about the Company be consistent and accurate.

For the most part, the Company's facilities, equipment, products, office equipment, vehicles, software, computers, network and computer systems, telephones, cell phones, Xerox machines, supplies, and other property should be used for business-related purposes only. Taking or using Company property for personal use without proper authorization may be regarded as stealing. Some assets, such as phones and computers, may be used for limited incidental personal use, but should not interfere with job performance.

Never access, reproduce, display, distribute, or store any material that is sexually explicit, obscene, defamatory, harassing, illegal, or otherwise inappropriate when using Company assets or when performing your job.

Government, Legal, and Media Inquiries

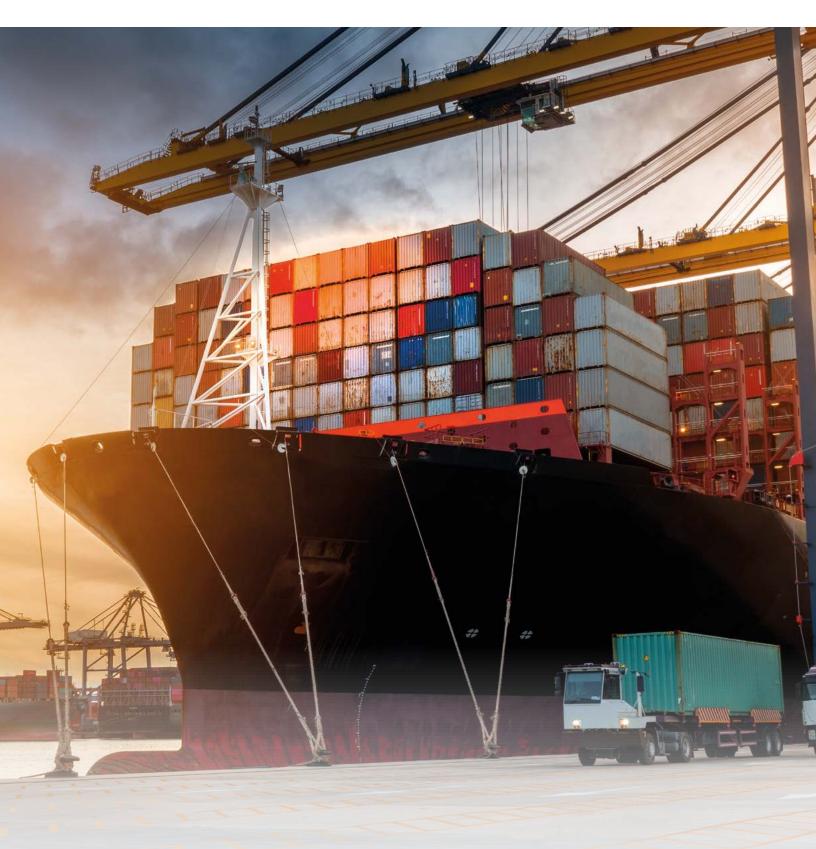
It is important that the Company speak with one voice.

From time to time, government agencies may contact Company personnel to obtain information. In addition, a private attorney may contact you about a legal matter involving the Company. If anyone contacts you for information, it is important that you notify local management or the Legal or Compliance Department.

The media may contact you about an event or subject related to the Company. If you are contacted by the media, notify the Communications Department at Communications.IR@irco.com immediately. Please do not attempt to respond to these inquiries yourself.

> 800C 7000

Ingersoll Rand's fuel systems have sophisticated GPS controls that allow fuel unloading only within programmed geographic boundaries.



Ingersoll Rand compressors are found on freight and cruise ships around the world.

Code Conscious Gloria is interested in hiring Abdul who works at the Department of Defense and is involved in determining whether the Company is selected for a large contract. While waiting for the Defense Department to award the contract, Gloria considers reaching out to Abdul to tell him that she would like to hire him to manage the contract for the Company if it receives the contract. Gloria realizes that there are rules that govern the hiring of current federal employees, so she reaches out to Human Resources (HR) for guidance. HR advises Gloria that the Company should not make an offer to hire Abdul. HR also informs her that it may be possible to hire Abdul after the contract is awarded, but even then, there are various rules that apply, and she should only contact Abdul with the approval and guidance of the Legal or Compliance Department.

We Follow the Law

We uphold our reputation by not engaging in activity that is illegal.

As a global Company, we do business in compliance with all applicable laws in every country in which we operate. It is your responsibility to know the laws applicable to your job. If you have a question, ask for help.

Compliance with Laws, Rules, and Regulations

Obeying the law, both in letter and in spirit, is one of the foundations on which the Company's ethical standards are built. In conducting the business of the Company, employees must respect and obey the laws of the jurisdictions in which we operate. Although not all employees are expected to know the details of these laws, it is important to know enough about the applicable local, state, and national laws to determine when to seek advice from the Company's General Counsel or other appropriate personnel. If a law conflicts with this Code, you must comply with the law. There are serious consequences for failing to follow any applicable laws, rules, and regulations, including termination of service and potential criminal and civil penalties.

International Trade Regulations

To meet the needs of our customers globally, we transfer goods across geographic borders. Our business transactions are often subject to various trade laws that regulate exports, re-exports, and imports including:

- Export control laws, customs laws, trade restrictions, trade embargoes, and economic sanctions
- Anti-boycott laws that prohibit companies from participating in an international boycott that is not sanctioned by the U.S. government

It is important to maintain records of all import/export transactions including but not limited to, purchase orders, contracts, invoices, and payment records.

International trade regulations are complicated. If you have a question, please contact your local management or the Compliance Department.

At a trade show. Marta runs into Sven, a former employee who recently left the company to join a competitor. Sven asks questions about some of the Company's new sales strategies for next year. Despite Sven being a friend and former co-worker. Marta tells him that she can't discuss that information with him because he works for a competitor. She also makes a mental note to report the conversation to the Legal Department as soon as she returns to work.

Code Conscious

Carlos is the sales manager in Venezuela. He is bidding on a project to provide pumps to the Venezuelan Navy. A Navy official approaches Carlos and tells him that another company has submitted a strong bid, but for a small fee, he can make sure Carlos wins the contract. Carlos declines to pay the fee because he knows that it is a violation of the FCPA to make an improper payment to a foreign government official in order to obtain business. He also reports the conversation to the Compliance Department.

Fair Competition

Never discuss prices or market share with competitors.

Anti-trust laws are designed to ensure that competition remains vigorous and free from collusion. Ingersoll Rand is committed to outperforming our competitors in every business segment in which we compete through teamwork and creative thinking, but not through anti-competitive activity. We win because our global team competes fairly and honestly for business. Employees must never:

- Discuss pricing or strategies with competitors
- Agree to fix prices, coordinate bids, allocate markets, or allocate customers

Remember, you are prohibited from discussing anti-competitive topics with competitors, even in informal settings like trade shows or customer events. If you find yourself in a situation where competitive information is being discussed, you must withdraw and report the conversation to the Legal Department immediately.

Competition laws are complicated and carry significant penalties. Contact the Legal or Compliance Department if you have any questions.

Anti-Bribery and Corruption

Never give anybody anything that could be construed as a bribe. We do business "fair and square."

Ingersoll Rand is committed to complying with all anti-bribery and corruption laws around the world, including the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) and the UK Bribery Act. Employees, and others acting on behalf of the Company, are prohibited from making or promising improper payments to government officials or private, non-governmental commercial entities. Ingersoll Rand also prohibits facilitation payments — small payments made to government employees to perform routine, non- discretionary acts. Never give anything of value directly or indirectly to a Government Official, or any individual, in exchange for, or in an effort to:

- Secure an unfair advantage
- Obtain or retain business
- Influence governmental or business decisions

Penalties for failing to comply with anti-bribery laws can be severe. Please contact the Legal or Compliance Department for additional guidance.



Human Resources (HR) is conducting an internal investigation relating to alleged misconduct and interviews several employees who may have information about it. Cheung, one of the employees who is interviewed. has evidence that his friend was involved in the misconduct, but does not want to get his friend in trouble. Cheung thinks if he simply doesn't reveal what he knows. he will not be lying. However, Cheung is obligated to cooperate in the Company's investigation and that means he must answer all questions truthfully and provide any potentially helpful information of which he is aware. Withholding information during an investigation violates the Code.

Doing Business with the Government

When working with existing or potential government customers, it is critical that we abide by the various laws, regulations, and procedures that apply to government contract work. These rules are often stricter and more complex than rules that govern business with other commercial customers. If your job involves marketing or selling to, contracting with, or working on a project for a government agency, such as the military or a government contractor, you are expected to know and comply with the laws and rules that govern doing business with the government.

Violations of these rules can result in significant fines, loss of future government contracts, and even criminal prosecution of individuals and the Company.

Hiring Government Employees

Ingersoll Rand must abide by rules and regulations that govern the hiring of current and former government employees and their family members. Before engaging in even preliminary discussions, obtain prior permission from Human Resources and the Legal or Compliance Department. It should be noted that these rules apply to internships as well as other positions.

Wage and Hour Rules

Ingersoll Rand is committed to following all applicable wage and hour laws and regulations. To help ensure that all work performed for Ingersoll Rand is compensated correctly, all non-exempt (hourly) employees must accurately record their time worked as required by law or policy in their country — whether scheduled or unscheduled, overtime or straight time, authorized or unauthorized.

Protecting the Environment

We care about protecting the environment for generations to come.

Ingersoll Rand is committed to minimizing the negative impact our business has on the environment and operating our plants and facilities in compliance with all applicable environmental regulations. All employees are expected to comply with applicable environmental laws.

Cooperating with Company Investigations and Audits

All employees are expected to cooperate fully with Company investigations and provide honest and truthful information. Withholding information or failing to cooperate during an investigation (including, but not limited to, an employee failing to provide access to all of their business-related electronic communications) violates the Code.

Employees must cooperate fully with internal and external auditors. You must never do anything to attempt to mislead, fraudulently influence, or manipulate anyone engaged in an audit or review of the Company.



Ingersoll Rand compressors and pumps are used in the exploration of oil and natural gas.



We Make Customers Successful

We build products that we are proud to call our own.

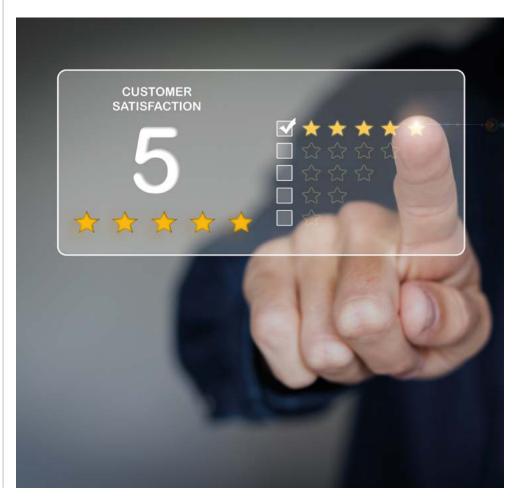
Our customers expect our products to be among the best in the market, and we know they lean on us for essential, vital, and mission-critical solutions. Since we aspire to be connected for life to our customers, we embrace the responsibility that comes with that. Their satisfaction is essential to our success, and we want them to be delighted with the products and services we provide.

Product Quality

We are committed to building high quality products. To ensure that we are providing safe and innovative products to our customers, we manufacture our products in compliance with all applicable laws and regulations. In addition, we do extensive product testing and quality assurance. In the event an actual or potential product quality or safety issue arises, immediately notify your supervisor, your facility leader, your facility safety coordinator, or the corporate Environmental and Safety Department.

Customer Satisfaction

Ingersoll Rand maintains customer loyalty by developing innovative, high-quality products that meet the needs of our customers. Our goal is to be #1 in customer satisfaction across all our products and brands.



Ingersoll Rand provides key components for equipment used in patient care, laboratories, pharmaceutical research, and production.

We Work Together

Together we create a positive work environment.

We are a global team, and we celebrate a culture that embraces diverse points of views, backgrounds, and experiences. We are committed to equity in how people are treated and the opportunities available to them, creating an inclusive, healthy, and respectful work environment where all employees can thrive and contribute in a meaningful way.

Health and Safety Laws

Safety is always our first priority.

To make sure our work environments are safe, it is important for employees to follow all safety procedures, especially procedures regarding operating machines and lifting heavy objects.

We can prevent accidents by thinking safety first, following established safety procedures, complying with the Company's safety programs, and strictly adhering to occupational safety and health regulations in every country in which we operate. Promptly report any potentially unsafe activity to your manager or plant safety coordinator. If you feel that a safety issue is not being appropriately addressed by your local management, you should contact the corporate Environmental and Safety Department.

Treating Each Other with Respect

Our employees are our greatest asset. We respect different cultures, and we value different opinions.

At Ingersoll Rand, we treat one another with unwavering respect and dignity, and we appreciate that we all come from different backgrounds and cultures. We believe that all employees — no matter where they are located — are entitled to work in an environment free of discrimination, harassment, and bullying. We also respect the different workplace practices that exist throughout the world and are sensitive to local cultures and practices.

Privacy

We uphold the personal privacy rights of our employees.

In order to be a true Global Team, we must respect each other's privacy. If you have access to personally identifiable data of our employees, or the systems that maintain the data, you must comply with all applicable policies and laws regarding the collection, use, and disclosure of personally identifiable data.

You should:

- Only access personal information for a legitimate business purpose
- Securely store and dispose of personal information
- Promptly report any possible privacy breaches or security risks to the Legal Department or other Authorized persons within the Company according to local law
- Understand and follow all local laws relating to data privacy

Johan notices that a piece of equipment in the plant is damaged and could cause an injury. He worries that if he reports it before his shift ends, he might halt production

Code Conscious

Johan decides, however, that "safety comes first" so he promptly reports the unsafe condition to his manager and plant safety leader.

at the plant.

Howden Roots LLC (Roots) is a leading provider of low-pressure compression and vacuum technologies with an impressive portfolio of positive displacement blowers, rotary lobe blowers, and centrifugal compressors, and an expertise in green steel. Many countries have laws and directives that regulate the exchange of certain personal employee information across country borders. We abide by the privacy laws that are in effect in the countries in which we do business. If you are involved in a project that requires you to transfer personally identifiable information outside its country of origin, please contact the Legal, IT, or Compliance Department.

All electronic data stored on Company computers and all business-related electronic communications (no matter where such communications are stored) are the property of the Company is the property of the Company. Employees should have no expectation of privacy when using Company computers or other Company resources.

The Company may monitor or access documents on its systems at any time within the limits of the law. Ingersoll Rand acknowledges that in some countries outside of the U.S., employees have limited privacy rights for personal data located on Company-issued employee computers. Where necessary, Ingersoll Rand respects such rights with regard to such data.

Diversity and Inclusion

We are committed to fostering diversity in our workforce. Our hiring practices prohibit discrimination on the basis of race, color, religion, age, sex, sexual orientation, national origin, disability, citizenship status, veteran's status, or any other factor covered by law. We believe that diversity in our workforce is a valuable asset, and we strive to create an inclusive work environment in which different ideas, perspectives, and beliefs are valued and encouraged.

Anti-Harassment

Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, or demands for dates are never acceptable in the workplace.

We seek to provide a work environment that is harassment-free. Harassment can take many forms including unwelcome verbal, visual, or physical behavior that creates an intimidating, offensive, or hostile work environment. We do not tolerate sexual harassment, racial, ethnic, gender, or religious slurs or degrading comments in the workplace. Harassment, sexual or otherwise, is determined by your actions and the impact they have on others, regardless of your intentions.

Zero Tolerance for Workplace Violence

We will not tolerate any acts or threats of violence, or inappropriate/aggressive physical or verbal behavior in the workplace. This includes threatening or harassing remarks or comments, physical assault, or damage to another's property.

Ingersoll Rand cordless and pneumatic impact wrenches are highly regarded by professionals everywhere. They are well-known for their durability and compact profile, delivering rugged reliability and the best power-to-weight ratios on the market.

Code Conscious Brad overhears a heated argument between two coworkers. Their voices are raised, and they are aggressive and confrontational with each other. Brad does not want to get involved for fear that he might end up getting hurt. Brad, however, decides to go to a safe place and contact Human Resources and his manager. He knows that Ingersoll Rand has a zero tolerance for workplace violence.

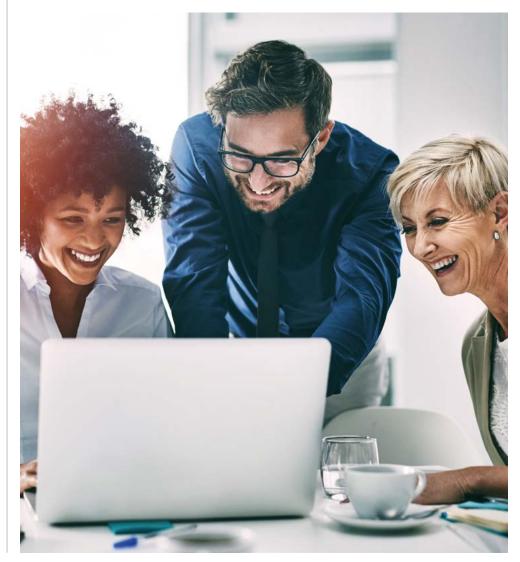
Drug and Alcohol Free

Drugs and alcohol may impair one's judgment and motor skills and put coworkers, customers, and others at risk of harm. Using, possessing, or being under the influence of illicit drugs on Company property or during work time is strictly prohibited. However, Ingersoll Rand acknowledges that certain countries outside of the U.S. do not allow us to prohibit the possession of alcohol on Company property and Ingersoll Rand will follow such local laws and regulations to the extent required.

Community and Political Activities

We encourage employees to have a healthy work/life balance, and we encourage employees to become involved with their communities. However, employees should never impose their personal religious or political beliefs on others.

Political activities must be conducted on one's own time outside of work. Employees must not promote candidates or distribute political material on Company property. No employee is authorized to make political contributions in the name of the Company without the express approval of the Legal Department.





The Quantima is a revolutionary direct drive, two stage air compressor used in automotive and beverage applications that complements our customers' energy saving objectives.

Code Conscious Ralf is riding the elevator with Emmanuel and several other coworkers when Emmanuel asks him a question about certain confidential information related to a customer. Ralf tells Emmanuel to come to his office to have the conversation because he knows they shouldn't discuss the information in a public place.

We Think Creatively

We protect our Company's intellectual property.

We pride ourselves on creative thinking and designing innovative and applicationcritical products for our customers. We need to make sure we all work together to protect these ideas and innovations, as well as the Company's other assets.

Confidential Information

Do not share Company ideas, designs, and R&D with anyone outside of the Company unless you clearly are authorized to do so.

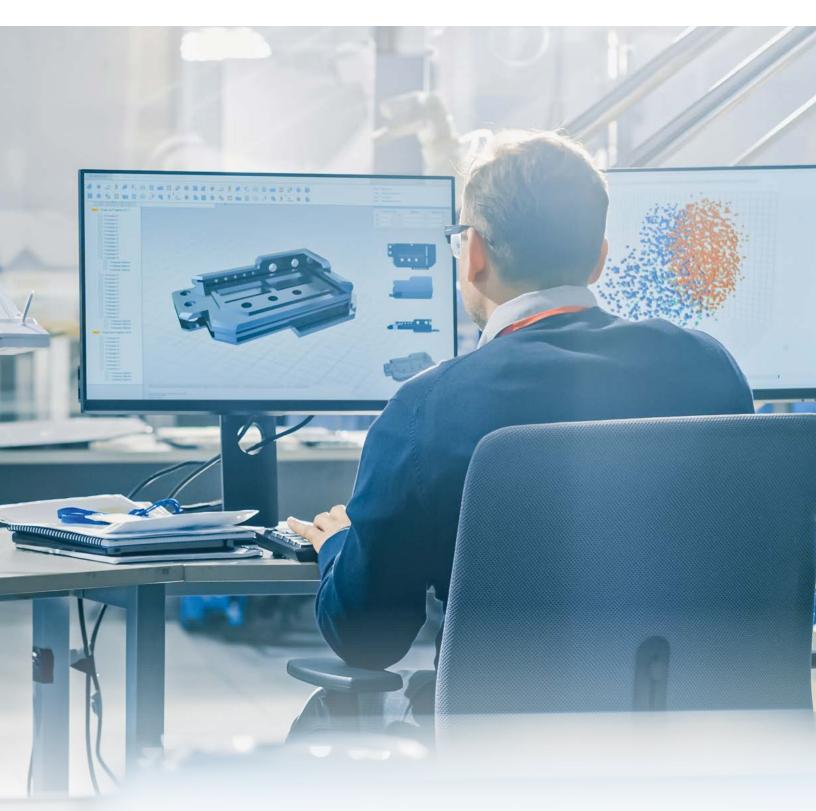
Confidential information is information that is not available to the public, has limited disclosure within the Company, or is designated as confidential by the Company. At times, you may have access to Company confidential information or the confidential information of a business partner. Confidential information includes all non-public information that might be of use to competitors, or harmful to the Company or its customers, if disclosed including trade secrets, material non-public information, business plans, pricing, inventions, designs, and new products.

Basic steps should be taken to protect all confidential information including:

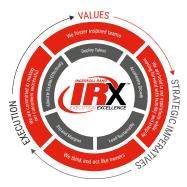
- Clearly marking information "confidential" so others are aware the information should be protected
- Disclosing confidential information only to those who have a legitimate "need to know"
- Using confidential information only for its intended use
- Removing confidential documents from the work area only when it is absolutely necessary to do so
- Disposing of confidential information in a manner designed to maintain its confidentiality (e.g., shredding)
- Taking precautions to discuss confidential information in private areas to avoid anyone overhearing the conversation (remember, elevators and break rooms are not private areas)

Insider Trading

As an employee, you may also become aware of "material non-public information" about Ingersoll Rand or another company. Material non-public information is information that would influence a reasonable investor to buy or sell stock of a company based on that information. Employees are strictly prohibited from buying or selling stock of any company while in possession of material non-public information about the company. Employees are also strictly prohibited from "stock tipping"—that is, disclosing material non-public information about a company to a relative, colleague, friend, or anyone else, to enable that person to buy or sell stock of the company on the basis of such information.



Robuschi S.r.I., located in Parma, Italy, designs and manufactures compressors, blowers, and pumps for applications ranging from water treatment to the sugar industry.



Ingersoll Rand Execution Excellence (IRX)™ is our execution engine based on simple processes that drive a high-performance culture while instilling our values and allowing execution of our strategic areas of focus in self-directed work teams.

Klaus receives an email from a friend that contains jokes with sexual overtones. Klaus knows that it is never acceptable to use Company assets to send inappropriate material over the Internet, so he deletes the email and does not forward the email to anyone.

Intellectual Property

Never distribute or publish our intellectual property without proper authorization. Our intellectual property is an invaluable asset to the Company, and we must protect it vigorously. Intellectual property includes our brands, copyrights, inventions, patents, trade secrets and processes including without limitation the processes and standard work that comprise our Ingersoll Rand Execution Excellence (IRX)[™] execution engine. No third party should be able to use our trademarks or other intellectual property without proper authorization and a license agreement approved by the Legal Department.

Our intellectual property also includes our employees' work product. As an employee, the work you perform and the things you create in connection with your duties, or using Company time, resources, or information, belongs to Ingersoll Rand and must only be used for the purpose of conducting Company business. This includes documents, plans, analyses and projections, inventions, ideas, software programs, improvements, artwork, processes, designs, or any other work you help to create or author in connection with your work for the Company. If you leave the Company, all Company property must remain with or be returned to the Company and you will not be permitted to retain copies, except where expressly otherwise agreed or stipulated.

Email, Internet, Social Media, and Information Systems

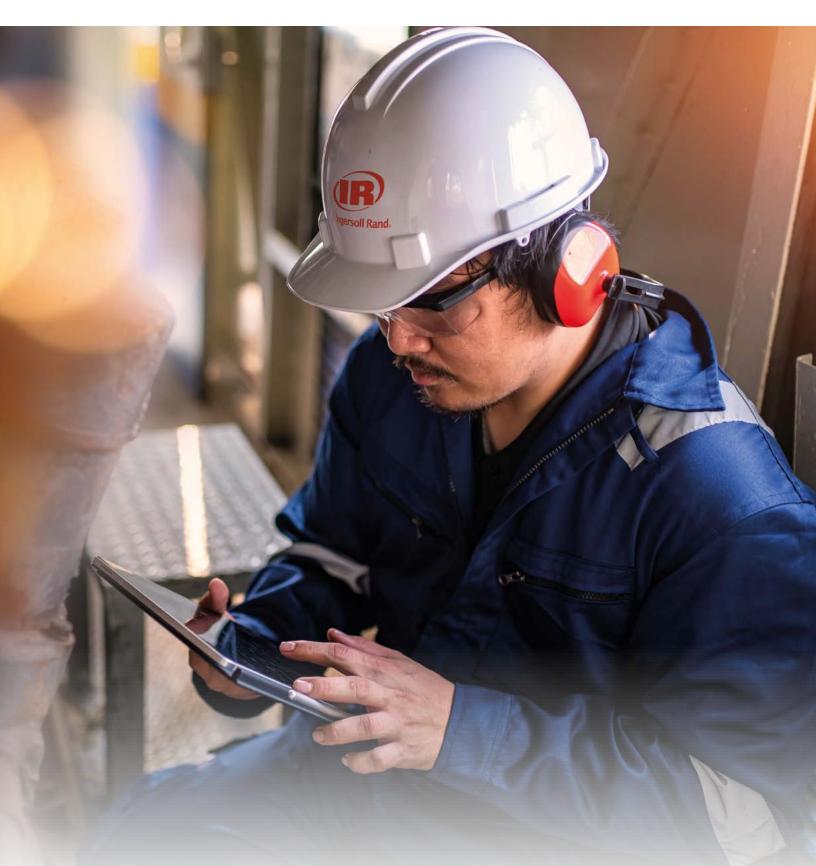
The Company's information technology systems are a key component of our business and should only be used for business purposes. The Company does recognize that, from time to time, employees may need to use Company equipment and/or communications for limited personal use. Such use is allowed under the following circumstances:

- It is of limited duration
- Does not interfere with the employee's job responsibilities
- Does not contain libelous, defamatory, offensive, racist, pornographic, or obscene material
- Does not reflect poorly on the Company, negatively impact the Company's reputation, or expose the Company to liability

In countries where it is permissible by law, Ingersoll Rand maintains the right to monitor an employee's emails, text messages, voicemail, social media activity, and use of the Internet.

Chat rooms, message boards, and similar websites are public forums where it is inappropriate to reveal confidential Company information, personal or customer data, trade secrets, or any other unauthorized material. If you are required to use these forums for professional reasons, contact your local management or the Legal or Compliance Department in advance for approval.

Software, including free software, shareware, demonstration, or evaluation software, should not be downloaded or installed on an employee's computer unless it has been approved and installed by IT.



An Ingersoll Rand employee thoroughly inspects a pump to ensure we exceed customer expectations.

Donzelle receives a legal hold notice related to a project on which he has worked. The legal hold instructs him to retain all documents, records, and emails related to the project. Donzelle is concerned about an email he remembers having sent in which he stated that his boss was acting unethically on the project. He no longer feels that way, and he knows that only he and the email recipient are aware of the email.

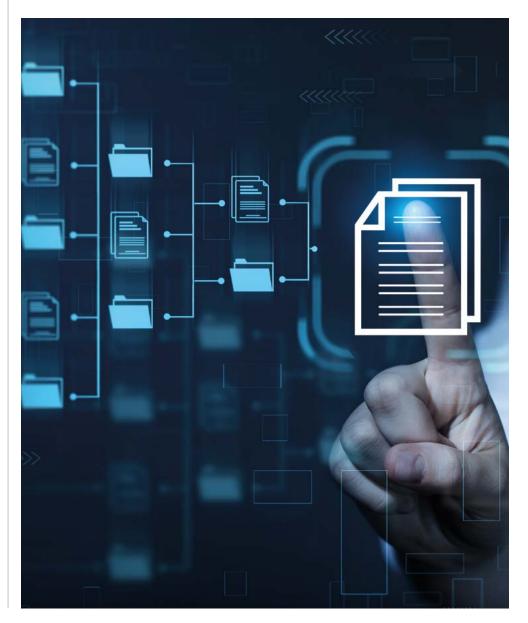
Donzelle thinks about deleting the email so his negative comments about his boss will not come to light. However, Donzelle realizes that once a legal notice is issued, he cannot modify. alter, or delete any documents that have been identified in the notice for preservation, no matter how embarrassing or untruthful they may be.

Retention of Company Records

Never modify, erase, or hide Company records that are required to be kept for legal reasons.

All employees are required to comply with the schedule for maintaining and destroying Company records that applies to hard-copy and electronic documents.

From time to time, you may be notified of the need to retain certain records in connection with a legal matter. That is called a "legal hold." You are required to comply with the request and strictly prohibited from modifying, deleting, erasing, discarding, or otherwise destroying any records that must be preserved.



Sunny overhears a conversation that leads her to believe that one of her coworkers may have used confidential information to engage in insider trading. Since Sunny does not have any concrete evidence of the violation. she is not sure if she should report it. Upon reflection, Sunny knows that the Code requires her to raise her concern to enable management to conduct a proper review to determine whether the concern has merit.

We Take Action We Champion the Code

We think and act like owners, and we take action. Everybody is expected to follow the guidelines set forth in our Code.

All employees are not just expected to follow the Code, but also to lead by example.

Everyone is responsible for promoting respect and trust in the workplace.

If you supervise employees, you are expected to not just follow the Code, but also ensure that the employees you supervise understand and comply with our Code. In addition, facility leaders must work to make sure our Code is followed by all employees working at their facilities. Supervisors are also required to ensure that compliance training is properly distributed to, and completed by, the employees who report to them.

All of us must work together to foster an environment where employees feel comfortable asking questions and raising concerns. If you know of or suspect misconduct, you are expected to either address the situation or raise it to the appropriate individual so that the issue can be adequately resolved.

Reporting a Concern

If you see something ... say something.

While working at Ingersoll Rand, you may face an ethical dilemma or see something in the workplace that causes you to be concerned. In those cases, we recommend contacting your manager. If you are uncomfortable doing that, you can contact another manager, your facility leader, Human Resources, or the Legal or Compliance Department.

In addition, you may, in your sole discretion, report to the Audit Committee, General Counsel, or the head of internal audit: (1) any questionable accounting, internal accounting controls, or auditing matters; (2) possible non-compliance with applicable legal and regulatory requirements or this Code; or (3) alleged retaliation against employees and other persons who make reports in good faith.

You may report any such matter:

- a) in writing to Ingersoll Rand, Attn: Chairman of the Audit Committee or General Counsel or Internal Audit, 525 Harbour Place Dr., Davidson, North Carolina 28036;
- b) by calling the Company's in-country hotline number(s) provided in this Code;
- c) by accessing the website of the Company's independent hotline service provider at www.irethicsreports.com.

Any other interested non-employee or outside party may also report to the Audit Committee, General Counsel, or Internal Audit, any of the matters described above. A report should be factual rather than speculative or conclusory and should contain as much specific information as possible to allow for proper assessment. In addition, all reports should contain sufficient corroborating information to support the commencement of an investigation, including, for example, the names of individuals suspected of violations, the relevant facts of the violations, how the complainant became aware of the violations, and if known, an estimate of the potential harm to the Company.

The ethics hotline and website are managed by an outside, independent service provider and allow any employee of the Company to submit a report on an anonymous and confidential basis.

Ingersoll Rand will investigate all reports in accordance with its internal procedures. If requested, the identity of any employee who reports a suspected Code violation will be kept confidential, except in cases where the Company is required by law to disclose the employee's identity, or the Company determines that disclosure is necessary to conduct a thorough investigation and resolve the matter.

Administration

Board of Directors. The Board of Directors of the Company, through the Audit Committee, will help ensure this Code is properly administered. The Audit Committee is responsible for the periodic review of this Code and will recommend clarifications or necessary changes to this Code to the Board of Directors for approval.

Officers and Managers. All officers and managers are responsible for reviewing this Code with their employees. Officers and managers are also responsible for the diligent review of practices and procedures in place to help ensure compliance with this Code.

Non-Retaliation

Ingersoll Rand has a strict non-retaliation policy. Anyone who retaliates against someone for raising a concern or helping to investigate a concern is subject to disciplinary action. If you feel you have been retaliated against for raising a concern, please contact our Global Ethics Hotline or the Legal or Compliance Department.

Consequences of Violating the Code

Read and live the Code. You will be held accountable.

You are required to read the Code and complete periodic certifications affirming that you will comply with the Code and Company policies. The Code is not intended to reduce or limit the other obligations that employees may have to the Company. Directors should also refer to the Corporate Governance Guidelines for additional policies that specifically govern the conduct of directors and, in the case of non-employee directors, compliance with this Code is subject to the provisions of the charter of, bylaws of and any stockholders agreement with Ingersoll Rand.



Ingersoll Rand quality assurance uses the latest technology to test tools used to manufacture our Sutorbilt Legend rotors. Employees who fail to comply (either in letter or spirit) with the Code may be subject to disciplinary action, including termination of employment. The following are examples of conduct that may result in discipline:

- Actions that violate any Company policy;
- Requesting others to violate any Company policy;
- Failure to promptly disclose a known or suspected violation of any Company policy;
- Failure to cooperate in Company investigations of possible violations of any Company policy;
- Retaliation against other employees for reporting a good faith integrity concern; and
- Failure to demonstrate the leadership and diligence needed to ensure compliance with Company policies and applicable law.

It is important to understand that a violation of this Code and certain Company policies may subject the Company and you to civil liability and damages, regulatory sanction, and/or criminal prosecution.

Code Waivers

Code waivers are rare but may be granted if the circumstances warrant it. If you feel a Code waiver should be considered, please contact the Legal Department.

Any waiver of any provision of this Code for executive officers or directors of the Company must be approved by the Company's Board of Directors and will be promptly disclosed as required by applicable securities law and/or stock exchange rules.

Company Policies and Procedures

The Code must be read in conjunction with the Company's policies and procedures and employee handbooks applicable in various countries around the world. The Code does not reference all Company policies and procedures. Additional policies can be found in the Company's policy library on the Company's intranet as well as in Company handbooks issued in certain parts of the world. The Company may update this Code and any of its policies from time to time at its discretion. You are expected to know and understand the law and all current policies and procedures applicable and related to your job.

The Code is not an employment contract, and the issuance of the Code does not convey any rights to any employee.

This Code does not restrict any current or former employee from communicating, cooperating, or filing a complaint with any U.S. federal, state, or local governmental agency or entity with respect to possible violations of any law or regulation, or otherwise making disclosures to any governmental agency or entity that are protected under the whistleblower provisions of any such law or regulation if (1) such communications and disclosures are consistent with applicable law and (2) the information subject to such disclosure was not obtained by the current or former employee through a communication that was subject to the attorney-client privilege. This is true regardless of any other confidentiality or nondisclosure agreement applicable to current or former employees, and any such agreement that is in conflict with the foregoing is deemed amended by the Company to be consistent with the foregoing.



Key Contacts

Legal Department General Counsel 525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036

Global Compliance, Regulatory & International Trade

Director, Global Compliance 525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036

Environmental, Social & Governance

Vice President, Sustainability 525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036

Controllership & Audit

Vice President and Corporate Controller 525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036

Human Resources

Vice President, Human Resources 525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036

Communications Department

Vice President, Global Communications 525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036

Company Policies

For a complete list of Ingersoll Rand Policies visit the Company's intranet, IRnow

Code of Conduct - Hotline Numbers

Hotline Numbers

Global Ethics Hotline www.irethicsreports.com

Argentina

0-800-555-4288 (Telecom) 0-800-222-1288 (Telefonica) When prompted 844-439-4693

Australia 800-875-313

Austria

0-800-200-288 When prompted 844-439-4693

Bahrain 800-00-001 (Land) 800-000-05 (Cellular) When prompted 844-439-4693 **Belgium** 0-800-100-10 When prompted 844-439-4693

Brazil 0800-892-0749

Canada 844-439-4693

Chile 800-225-288 (Telmex) 800-800-288 (Telefonica) 800-360-312 (ENTEL) When prompted 844-439-4693

China 4008427065

Colombia 01-800-911-0011 When prompted 844-439-4693

Czech Republic 800-144-301

Denmark 800-100-10 When prompted 844-439-4693 **Egypt** 02-2510-0200 (Cellular) 2510-0200 (Cairo) When prompted 844-439-4693

Finland 0800-9-12740

France 0800-90-4105

Germany 0-800-225-5288 When prompted 844-439-4693

Greece 00-800-1311 When prompted 844-439-4693

Hungary 06-800-011-11 When prompted 844-787-0214

Hong Kong 800-93-2266 or 800-96-1111 When prompted 844-439-4693 India 000-117 When prompted 844-439-4693

Indonesia 001-801-10 When prompted 844-439-4693

Ireland 1-800-550-000 00-800-222-55288 (UIFN) When prompted 844-439-4693

Italy 800-794395

Japan 0034-811-001 (NTT) 00-539-111 (KDDI) 00-663-5111 (Softbank) When prompted 844-439-4693

Jordan 1-880-0000 When prompted 844-439-4693 **Malaysia** 1-800-80-0011 When prompted 844-439-4693

Mexico 800-681-6934

Netherlands 8000201780

New Zealand 000-911 When prompted 844-439-4693

Norway 800-190-11 When prompted 844-439-4693

Panama 800-2288 When prompted 844-439-4693

Peru 0-800-50-000 When prompted 844-439-4693 Philippines 1010-5511-00 (PLDT) 105-11 (Globe/Philcom/ Digitel /Smart) When prompted 844-439-4693

Poland 0-0-800-111-1111 When prompted 844-439-4693

Romania 0808-03-4288 When prompted 844-439-4693

Russia 363-2400 When prompted 844-439-4693

Saudi Arabia 800-850-0695

Serbia 800190998

Singapore 800-001-0001 (StarHub) 800-011-1111 (SingTel) When prompted 844-439-4693 **Slovakia** 0-800-000-101 When prompted 844-439-4693

Slovenia 080-688837

South Africa 800205140

South Korea 00-309-11 (Dacom) 00-369-11 (ONSE) 00-729-11 (Telecom) When prompted 844-439-4693

Spain 900-99-0011 When prompted 844-439-4693

Sweden 020-799-111 When prompted 844-439-4693

Switzerland 0-800-890011 When prompted 844-439-4693 **Taiwan** 00-801-102-880 When prompted 844-439-4693

Thailand 1-800-0001-33 When prompted 844-439-4693

Turkey 0811-288-0001 When prompted 844-439-4693

Ukraine 0-800-502-886 When prompted 844-439-4693

United Arab Emirates 8000-021 When prompted 844-439-4693

United Kingdom 0808-234-3663

United States 844-439-4693

Vietnam 1-201-0288 1-228-0288 When prompted 844-439-4693



Ingersoll Rand Global Headquarters

525 Harbour Place Dr. Davidson, North Carolina 28036 irco.com

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